## **PAEDIATRICS**

## PAPER - III

PED/APRIL/16/31/III

Time : 3 hours Max. Marks : 100

## **Important instructions:**

- Attempt all questions in order.
- Each question carries 10 marks.
- Read the question carefully and answer to the point neatly and legibly.
- Do not leave any blank pages between two answers.
- Indicate the question number correctly for the answer in the margin space.
- Answer all the parts of a single question together.
- Start the answer to a question on a fresh page or leave adequate space between two answers.
- Draw table/diagrams/flowcharts wherever appropriate

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Pathophysiology and management of:	
<ul><li>a) Organophosphorus poisoning.</li><li>b) Scorpion bite.</li></ul>	5+5
What are the biochemical criteria for the diagnosis of Diabetic Ketacidosis (DKA)? What are the goals of therapy? How will you manage a 7 year child with DKA?	3+3+4
Etiology, pathogenesis, clinical features and management of cardigenic shock?	2+3+2+3
Describe the symbols used in pedigree chart. Draw pedigree charts over four generation depicting:  a) X-linked dominant disease.  b) X-linked recessive disease.	4+(3+3)
Define severe dengue. Describe the WHO guidelines for its management. Enumerate the complications of severe dengue.	2+4+4
<ul><li>a) Bioterrorism</li><li>b) Radiation sickness</li><li>c) Congenital cataract</li></ul>	3+3+4
<ul><li>a) Modified Glasgow Coma Scale for children and infants.</li><li>b) Its advantages and disadvantages.</li><li>c) What is AVPU Pediatric Response Scale?</li></ul>	5+2+3
Define fulminant hepatic failure. Write stages of hepatic encephalopathy. Outline steps of its management.	2+3+5
<ul><li>a) Autistic spectrum disorders.</li><li>b) Wiskott-Aldrich syndrome.</li><li>c) Graft versus host disease.</li></ul>	3+3+4
<ul><li>a) Hypernatremia.</li><li>b) Hyperkalemia.</li><li>c) Non-pharmacoglogic strategies for pain management.</li></ul>	3+3+4
	Pathophysiology and management of: a) Organophosphorus poisoning. b) Scorpion bite.  What are the biochemical criteria for the diagnosis of Diabetic Ketacidosis (DKA)? What are the goals of therapy? How will you manage a 7 year child with DKA?  Etiology, pathogenesis, clinical features and management of cardigenic shock?  Describe the symbols used in pedigree chart. Draw pedigree charts over four generation depicting: a) X-linked dominant disease. b) X-linked recessive disease.  Define severe dengue. Describe the WHO guidelines for its management. Enumerate the complications of severe dengue. a) Bioterrorism b) Radiation sickness c) Congenital cataract a) Modified Glasgow Coma Scale for children and infants. b) Its advantages and disadvantages. c) What is AVPU Pediatric Response Scale?  Define fulminant hepatic failure. Write stages of hepatic encephalopathy. Outline steps of its management. a) Autistic spectrum disorders. b) Wiskott-Aldrich syndrome. c) Graft versus host disease. a) Hypernatremia. b) Hypernatremia. b) Hyperkalemia.

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